ID YOU EVER suffer from real neress? When every nerve seemed to quiver with a peculiar, creepy feeling, first in one place, and then another and all seemed finally to concentrate in a writhing jumble in the brain, and you become irritable, fretful and peevish; to be followed by an impotent, weakened condi-tion of the nerve centers, ringing in the ears, and sleepless, miserable nights? Mrs. Eugene Searles,

Dr. Miles' 110 Simonton St., Elk-hart, Ind., says: "Ner-Nervine vous troubles had made Restores me nearly insane and Health..... physicians were unable to help me. My memory was almost gone and every little thing worried me until I was almost distracted. I really feared I was becoming a maniac. I imagined all sorts of evil things and would cry over nothing. I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and four bottles of this wonderful remedy completely cured me, and I am as well now as I ever was." Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on guarantee,

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY SYSTEM (Detroit & Milwaukee Division.)

first bottle will benefit or money refunded.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT JAN. 18, 1897. Arrival and Departure of Trains at Owosso. Westward. Leave Arrive.

	Contract of the contract of th	
Gr'd Rapids, Gr'd Haven and Muskegon. Gr'd Rapids, Gr'd Havan and Muskegon. Gr'd Rapids and Intermediate Stations. Gr'd Rapids, Gr'd Haven and Muskegon. Mixed from Owosso Jct	a. m. +10:02 p. m. + 2:40 p. m. + 7:17 a. m. = 2:45 a. m. + 6:05	p. m. + 6:03 p. m. + 1:10 a. m. + 9:00 a. m. * 3:25 p. m. + 6:50
Eastward.		
	THE REAL PROPERTY.	

Mixed from Owosso Jet	+ 6:05	f 6:50			
Eastward.					
Detroit, Canada and East Detroit and Chicago via Dur- and	a. m. + 9:00 p. m. + 1:10	p. m. + 7:17 p. m. + 2:40			
Detroit, Canada and East	+ 6:03 a. m. * 3:25	110:05 a. m. 2:45			
+ Except Sunday.	* Daff	v.			

SLEEPING AND PARLOR CAR SERVICE. WESTBOUND. 10:02 a. m. train has Parlor car to Grand Rap-

ids. Extra charge 25 cents.
7:17 p. m. train has Parlor car to Grand Rapids. Extra charge 25 cents. BASTBOUND.

9:00 a. m. train has Parlor car to Detroit. Ex-tra charge 25 cents. Pullman Parlor car, De-troit to Toronto, connetcing with Sleeper for the cast and New York. Connects with C. & G. T. division at Durand for Chicago and Pt. Huron and with C., S. & M. division for Saginaw

Huron and with C., S. & M. division for Saginaw and Bay City.

6:03 p. m. train has Parlor car to Detroit. Extra charge 25 cents, and Pullman Sleeping car Detroit to Toronto. Suspension Bridge, Buffalo, Philadelphia and New York. Connects at Durand with C., S. and M. div. for Saginaw and Bay City and with C. & G. T. for Pt. Huron and Battle Creek.

3:25 a. m. train has through day Parlor and Sleeping cars Windsor to Suspension Bridge, Buffalo, New York and Boston.

(Toledo, Saginaw & Muskegon Division.) Steamers run during navigation only.

Muskegon Sparta Cedar Springs Greenvills Sheridan Carson City Ashley Owosso Jet.	Lv	a. m. 8:00 9:18 9:43 10:30 10:52 11:22 12:10 12:50		
Detroit	Ar	3:55 p. m.		
WI	EST	WA	RD.	
Detroit	Lv	a. m. 11:30	p. m. 10:45	
Owosso Jct. Ashley Carson City Sheridan Greenville Cedar Springs Sparta Muskegon	Lv	2:50 3:30 4:12 4:39 5:00 5:55 6:19 7:30 D. ID.		

G. H. HUGHES, Asst. Gen'l P. & T. Agent. BEN FLETCHER, E. WYKES. I ocal Agent. Mich. Pass. Agent.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, SS At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the city of Corunna, on Monday, the 15th day of February, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and pinety-seven.

Present, Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Christian Birk,

Conrad Friegel, as executor of said estate, comes into cour and represents that he is now prepared to render final account as such executor.

prepared to render final account as such executor.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 23d day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate office in the city of Corunna, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said executor give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in The Times, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

Marthew Bish.

MATTHEW BUSH, Judge of Probate. BY KATHERINE E. KEISEY, Probate Register,





ARE OUT FOR OFFICE.

Michigan Men Who Want to Serve Their Country.

NICE POSITIONS TO STEP INTO.

There Are Numerous Candidates, However, and Many Are Doomed to Disap pointment Henry Smith's Show Is Small Without Senator Burrows' Influence-A List of Federal Offices of Value Awarded to Michigan by Cleveland.

Washington, March 23:-It was Flanagan of Texas who electrified a Republican convention several years ago by exclaiming: "What are we here for, if not for the offices?"

There was so much more truth than poetry in the exclamation that the convention roared with laughter. That is what the politicians are out for, all the time. That is what is most interesting to readers who take interest in public affairs. So believing, I this afternoon went to the room of our junior senator, the genial Julius C. Burrows, and from him obtained a list of those who are seeking the most lucrative offices. The senator also gave me a statement showing how much patronage the state of Michigan received during the Cleveland administration.

Are After Office. The prominent office seekers are: For collector of internal revenue, western district, D. E. B. Babcock, Kalkaska; Don J. Leathers, Grand Rapids,

For United States marshal: Frank Watkins, Hopkins; J. D. S. Hanson, Hart; William Mears, Boyne Falls; Incoln Rodgers, Muskegon; Frank F. Lawley, St. Joseph.

For collector of customs, Port Huron district: Alex R. Avery, John B. Porter and L. A. Sherman, Port Huron; George W. Jenkins, Sand Beach; Frank Sutton, Marine City; Temple Every, East Tawes; Gilbert R. Lovejoy, Lenox.

For collector of customs, Michigan district, Grand Haven: George A. Fare, George McBride and Walter J. Lillie, Grand Haven; William D. Kelly, Mus-

For collector at Marquette, the Superior district: John Q. Adams, Negaunee; Electus B. Howard and J. R. Van Evera, Marquette; John Jones and William H. Rood, Ishpeming; John G. Stradley and Charles H. Chapman, Sault Ste. Marie.

Would Be District Attorney. For district attorney: L. G. Palmer, Big Rapids; George Lovelace and Horace L. Delano, Muskegon; William O. Netester, Ionia; Fremont C. Chamberlain, Ironwood; Dwight Goss, Grand Rapids. For register of land office at Gray-

ling, Oscar Palmer and J. Allen, Grayling, both editors. For register at Marquette, only one

candidate. Alfred Meades, Marquette. Michigan has already secured the appointment of a member of the cabinet-Secretary of War Alger. It is now believed that the state will also secure the appointment of an assistant secretary of the treasury in the person of General O. L. Spaulding.

Gad Smith of Marquette wants to be assistant commissioner of pensions. John M. Vicker of Detroit wants to be public printer.

Ex-Congresman Thomas wanted to be commissioner of pensions, but gave it up when he learned that Henry Clay Evans of Tennessee was the lucky man. He then expressed a disposition to accept the position of assistant commissioner, but that has not yet been decided upon.

Wants His Old Position Colonel Charles P. Lincoln of Michi-

gan, who was assistant commissioner of pensions during the Harrison admin istration, wants that place again, but is not likely to receive it. He was in the consular service for many years, and although all Michigan men like him well, the congressional delegation is indorsing only younger and more active men in state politics.

Henry H. Smith, formerly of Kalama zoo, who was kept on the pay roll of the house of representatives for many years, through the influence of Con-gressman Burrows, and who became the bitter enemy of Burrows and fought his candidacy for the senate, will not make connection with the federal pay roll in any capacity. Senator Burrows is willing to help Mr. Smith, but the friends of Burrows, who fought for him through thick and thin, say that he must not indorse his enemy; and he probably will not. Without Burrows Mr. Smith is not in it, even a little bit of a bit.

Plums Given Out by Cleveland The list of federal offices of value awarded to Michigan by the Cleveland administration, is as follows: Edwin E. Uhl, Kent county, ambassa-

for extraordinary and plenipotentiary; stationed at Berlin, Germany. Salary, \$17,500. First secretary of embassy. Salary,

First assistant secretary of embassy Salary, \$2,000.

William E. Quinby, Wayne county envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary; stationed at The Hague, Netherlands. Salary, \$7,500. Allen B. Morse, Ionia county, consult

stationed at Glasgow, Scotland. ary, \$3,000.5 J. B. Sill, Washtenaw county, consul

general; stationed at Seoul, Corea. Salary, 27,500. Frank A. Dean, Eaton county, consul; stationed at Naples, Italy.

Thomas O'Hara, Berrien county, consul: stationed at San Juan del Norte, Nicaragua. Sainry, \$2,000. John Patton, Wayne county, consuit stationed at Amherstburg, Ont. Salary,

Arthur M. Clark, Sanflac county, consul; stationed at Port Sarnia, Ont. Salary, \$1,500.

Isaac G. Worden, Wayne county, con-

sular agent: stationed at Wallaceburg. Salary, \$1,500. J. Herbert Perkins, Cheboygan county, consular agent; stationed at Blue-

leids, Nicaragua. Fees. George B. Killmaster, Alcona county, commercial agent; stationed at Port Rowan, Ont. Fees.
Charles McCall, Chippewa county, L. Elliott, Liscomb, Iowa.

nercial agent; stationed at Sault Ste. Marie, Fees. Henry Thurber, Wayne county, pri-

vate secretary to the executive. Salary, \$5,000. Carlos E. Dexter, St. Joseph county,

chief doorkeeper. Salary, \$1,500.

W. W. Duffield, Wayne county, superintendent of coast and geodetic survey. Salary, \$5,000. Detroit-Collector of port, John B. Maloney; appointed Jan. 8, 1894; confirmed

Jan. 12, 1894. Salary, \$3,686.

Detroit—Collector of internal revenue. James Phelan; appointed Dec. 12, 1893; confirmed Dec. 19, 1893. Salary, \$4,500. Detroit—Appraiser, S. C. Kerrer; appointed Jan. 8, 1894; confirmed Jan. 19,

1894. Salary, \$3,000. Detroit—United States marshal, E. H. Whinney; appointed Feb. 20, 1894; confirmed March 7, 1894. Salary and fees. Detroit-United States district attorney, A. P. Lyon; appointed Jan. 29, 1894; confirmed Feb. 12, 1894. Salary and

Marquette-Collector of port, M. D. Scully; appointed Sept. 18, 1893; confirmed Sept. 28, 1893. Salary, \$2,500. Marquette—Register of land office, P. Premeau; appointed Aug. 18,1893; con-

firmed Aug. 25, 1893. Fees. Port Huron—Collector of port, J. M. Crocker; appointed Aug. 23, 1893; confirmed Aug. 25, 1893. Salary, \$3,600.
Grand Haven-Collector of port, Dud Watson; confirmed April 25, 1893.

Grand Rapids-Collector of internal revenue, I. C. Smith; confirmed Oct. 1, Grand Rapids-United States district

attorney; John Power; confirmed January, 1894. Salary, \$3,500. Grand Rapids-Surveyor of customs,

Andrew Fife; appointed April 19, 1893; confirmed May 11, 1893. Grand Rapids-United States marshal;

appointed Feb. 21, 1894. Officeseekers Leaving Washington.

They are going away. There are no brass bands to accompany them to the depots. There are no crowds or throngs of citizens following them to the trains to speed the parting guests of the city. Those who came to attend the inau-

guration brought with them only funds sufficient to pay for a few nights lodging and a sufficient number of ham sandwiches, cheap coffee, and well-chalked milk, in order to fend off, the pangs of hunger. Their pence and pounds having been exhausted by the exorbitant demands of the avaricious landlords and landladies, each visitor folded his tent like an Arab, and silently stole away.

Those who have remained until this

day came not for pleasure but for spolls, They sought offices and are now driven hence by the civil service rules which protect the incumbents of positions in the executive departments. Those who are religiously inclined have been gazthrough the windows of the treasury, interior, and other departments, singing or humming: "This is the way I long have sought, and mourn because I find it not."

Came from Everywhere.

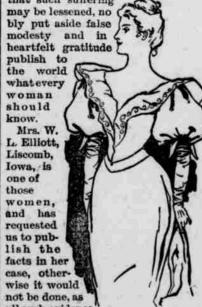
They came from the east; they came from the west; they came from the north, and they also came from the south. The three sections north of Mason and Dixon's line sent white men here to seek offices. From the section of that historic line there came Republicans of every skin hue, from Nubian black to alabaster white, representing in their personal appearances the unfortunate circumstances which prevailed in that section for many years previous to the promulgation of the emaneipation proclamation of 1863, and the amicable meeting be-

SACRED CONFIDENCE.

No Woman's Letter Published Except by Request.

the Suffering of Her Sex-Women Who Cannot Hide Their Happiness.

There is a class of women who, from their own experience, sympathize with their suffering sisters, and in order that such suffering



all such evidence is treated in sacred confidence, unless publication is requested by the writer. She says to Mrs. Pinkham :- "I

wish you would publish the circum-

stances of my case, in order that other women may be benefited by my expe-"I doctored nearly all the time for two years. I spent several hundred

dollars without receiving much benefit. Last June I wrote to you and described all my aches and pains. Such a long list as there was: headache, backache, bearing-down pains, terrible soreness, constipation, dizziness, feeling of extreme lassitude, irregularity and nausea; but you answered my letter and told me just what to do. followed your advice.

"After taking eight bottles of the Vegetable Compound and three bottles of Blood Purifier, I am glad to write you that I have not enjoyed such good health for years, and I am able to do all my own work. I can surely sound the praises of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and a number of my friends are taking it upon my recommendation."-Mrs. W. tween Grant and Lee at Appomattox

neath the apple tree They came here with aspiration and hope, with personal and political backing which induced them individually to believe that they were right upon the crest of the wave of patronage.

They are going away with hearts and lips full of imprecations against the civil service law which has been so inhospitable as to nin their budding hones and smash their irridescent glass houseg and air castles. Arrangements are being made by various congressional delegations to make a concerted move upon the White House, and induce the presi-dent to either receive or suspend the sweeping order of President Cleveland. which removed from the reach of the grasping hands of the spottsmen a majority of the most jucrative federal flesh-pots.

Hampered by Legal Limitations. Since the beginning of the governmen no administration has been so hampered by legal limitations in the matter of patronage. Through the public prints and by the transmission of letters through the mails from congressmen aspiring people were informed of the existing conditions. Neverthless they came, believing that in some way that law could be annulled, set aside, or modified, so that in some miraculous manner the victors might secure the spoils.

They are going away with weary, heavy laden, sorely oppressed hearts, back to their homes where their wives and children and all their neighbor will "listen to their tale of woe."

Nobody has any authorized informs tion from President McKinley concern ing his intentions in this matter. It is known that he is in favor of the civil service law. He made a clear declaration of that in his inaugural address so that it might be known to all men.

May Modify the Order. However, these who have carefully read the message will remember that he distinctly declared that he did not believe that executive orders should be made for the purpose of securing partisan advantage. It is generally understood that President McKinley does not believe that it is proper for President Cleveland to have filled all of the best offices with Democrats and then to have extended to them the protection of the civil service rules. If this interpretation of the leaugural address is correct, as a majority of public men believe that It is, we may expect, in due time, a proclamation from McKinley modifying or suspending that order, and in that event there will be an opening for the unfortunate fellows who have gone home again. They would be like the King of France, who "marched up the hill and then marched down again." I is possible that they may march upon the national capital, besiege it, and yet capture all of the patronage in the executive departments. DUNBAR.

Miss Caroline Shillaber, daughter of Benjamin Shillaber, whose "Sayings of Mrs. Partington" were very popular many years ago, is to enter the lecture field in New England. She intends to give reminiscences of her father's life.

INGALLS DENOUNCED.

Preacher at Wichita, Kan., Pitches into the Ex-Senator.

Wichita, Kan., March 24.-Dr. C. H Payne, former president of the Ohio Wesleyan university and national secre tary of the board of education of the Methodist Episcopal church, bitterly attacked John J. Ingalls in a plea befor the southwestern Kansas conference Wednesday. He said it was a fitting sequel to the career of the man who declared the purification of politics an iridescent dream to find him sloughing of his senatorial toga long enough to prostitute his glowing rhetoric for the sporting readers of a New York news paper. He was willing to leave the rainbow statesman amld such congenial environments, but as a Christian citizen he protested against the sporting novice calling the spectators of the brutal tournament "average American citi-

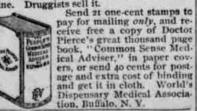
"If so, God pity America; she has gloomy future," said he. "But no, tell the acrobatic John James and his friends that I brand his declaration a lie, a slander on American citizenship and American manhood."



A great many people look healthy and are not. There ar many forms sickness wh leave an outward semblance of health. This ficti-tious health is like bubble tha

a bubble that bursts at a touch It is like an empty egg shell that the slightest pressurf will crush. The contside of the body may look all right long after disease has begun its dreadful work inside. If a man looks well and doesn't feel well, he had better be governed by the feeling not by the looks. A great many apparently strong and vigorous men collapse parently strong and vigorous men collaps suddenly. They have what is known as net yous prostration. They go along persist ently, day after day, working hard and think ing hard, apparently healthy, and some day they go home and go to bed and don't get up again. The trouble didn't all come at once. It came on gradually. A strong man can live on his nerves and his health for a long time without apparent injury, but it isn't a safe thing to do. Whenever there is long time without apparent injury, but it isn't a safe thing to do. Whenever there is nervousness, or insomnia, or undue fatigue from ordinary work, when irritability takes the place of contentment, when a man "isn't sick but doesn't feel quite well"—then is the time he should begin to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is the best tonic medicine and nerve food, or invigorator in the world. It assists digestion, increases the appetite, promotes thorough assimilation of the food, purifies the blood and adds to it the life-giving principles that are needed to feed the starved nerves. It puts the whole body into perfect tune, and stimulates each organ to do the work for which it was intended. Thousands of people have been brought back to happiness and vigorous health. Thousands of people have been cured of most serious sickness by this wonderful medicine. Druggists sell it.

Send 21 one-cent stamps to pay for mailing only, and revent free a copy of Doctor.



Instead of crying over spilt milk tackle

Do you scratch and scratch, and wonder what's the matter? Doan's Ointment will instantly relieve and permanently cure any itehy disease of the skin no matter of how THE BANK SHAINKAGE.

The pational bank statements just published in Detroit furnish a good indication of the shrinkage that has taken place during four years of Democratic demonstration. When the published statements were made March 6, 1893, there were eight national banks in Detroit, with capital stock of \$4,400,000. Now there are six, with capital of \$3,300,000, a falling off of 25 per cent. The total assets at the close of business March 6, 1893, were \$25,579,853. At the close of business March 9, 1897, they were \$23,784,337, a decrease of \$1,795,516.

The deposits were about the same then as now, something over \$18,000,-

In the loans and discounts, which are the best barometer of business activity, the falling off is the most marked. In March, 1893, these amounted to \$17,621,433" March 9, 1807. they were only \$13,589,037, a falling off of \$4,031,795, or about 23 per cent. Instead of being actively employed in business over \$5,000,000 of the funds belonging to Detroit banks is lying, comparatively idle, in the vaults of other national banks. To get these funds into active business use is one of the most important purposes of congressional legislation.

A BLOW AT SHODDY.

There is one feature of the woo schedule in the new tariff bill that will commend itself to flock masters, woolen manufacturers and consumers, and that is the high duty imposed on noils, shoddy and waste. If there is any-thing upon which, in the interest of both producer and consumer, a pro-hibitory tariff should be levied, it is this unclean material for flimsy textiles. The duty on this grade of wool and refuse under the McKinley law was 30 cents per pound, and on wooler rags 10 cents per pound. In the fiscal year 1892, under this tariff, the importations amounted to only 87,825 lbs., and in 1894 they were only 47,522 lbs. The Wilson bill admitted the stuff free and in 1896 the imports arose to 18, 71,100 lbs., or nearly four hundred times as much as in 1894. One pound of noils displaces in manufacture about two and one-half pounds of good wool making a proportionate loss to wool growers. The Dingley bill restores the duty to the McKinley rate, and that means good-bye to shoddy.

FARM PRODUCTS.

Decrease of Agricultural Exports in Past Four Years. The effect of free trade agitation and tariff revision on agricultural exports is a subject in which Michigan pecially interested. The Statistical Abstract of the United States for 1896, recently issued, gives, on page 149, the following exports of agricultural products for the years named:

Year. Exports. 1892 799,328,232 1893...... 615,382,980 1895..... 553,210,026 1896 569,879,297

This shows under the first two years (1891 and 1892) of the McKinley tariff and the reciprocity treaties, a total of agricultural exports of \$1,442,-079,576; and under the last two years (1895 and 1896) of the Wilson tariff, \$1,123,083,323. Here is a falling off of \$318,990,253, or over 28 per cent.

THE REGENCY CANDIDATES.

Politics aside, the Republican candidates for regent have much to com-mend them to the voters of this state. Mr. Cocker has already demonstrated his fitness for the place by over seven years of useful service. His work has een especially valuable in the financial management of the University under a business like system. a service which only those can fully appreciate who were familiar with the loose methods that prevailed before. Mr. Lawton has been an instructor in the University and during many years of active business life has kept up his interest in that great institution of learning. The voters in supporting these candidates are not voting for unknown quantities but for men of proved capacity. If the opposing candidates on the combination ticket have similar qualifications nobody knows of it, for the candidates them-selves are comparatively unknown.

NOT THE JUDICIAL QUALITY.

Appeals are made for votes for Mr. Yaple on account of his personal popularity as shown by the votes cast for him in his own section on former occasions. He undoubtedly obtained a strong following at one time, on account of his zealous advocacy of free trade. This is not as popular a doc trine now as it was before the disastrous experience of the past four years, and his zeal in that behalf certainly did not indicate the qualities that make up the judicial mind. Mr. Yaple is a better stump orator than he lawyer, and is by instinct and habit a partisan Extreme partisanship is not the ideal qualification for a judicial office.

The very first one or the weekly commercial reports issued after Mc-Kinley was inaugurated was a harbinger of what may be expected when the present congress has had time to Bradstreet's report, March said: "The new administration, the certainty of an extra session of congress, and the promise of a new tariff at an early day which shall provide adequate revenue and protection, have done much to stimulate a better feeling in trade circles and increase con fidence in the near approach of an improvement in business." The re-opening of a large number of mills since has been in line with this good omen.

We have in this country three great factories for the manufacture of soda ash, yet foreigners control nearly 60 per cent of the American trade. per cent of the American trade. The duty ou this preduct is \$5 a ton. The price in Liverpool is about \$17 a ton, but the price for export to America is one pound sterning less than it is for home consumption. This seems to be one of the cases where the foreigner pays the tax, and where the patriotic Briton discriminates against the home consumer though be bitterly complains if an American ever does the same.

There is no of meaning and about which such tender and holy recollections cluster as that of "MOTHER"-she who watched over our helpless infancy and guided our first tottering step. Yet er is beset with danger and all effort should be made to avoid it.

Mother's so assists nature in the change taking place that the Expectant riena

Mother is enabled to look forward without

dread, suffering or gloomy fore-bodings, to the hour when she experiences the joy of Motherhood. Its use insures safety to the lives of both Mother and Child, and she is found stronger after than before confinement-in short, it "makes Childbirth natural and easy," as so many have said. Don't be persuaded to use anything but

"My wife suffered more in ten min-utes with either of her other two children than she did altogether with her last, having previously used four bot-tles of 'Mother's Friend.' It is a blessing to any one expecting to be-come a MOTHER," says a customer. HENDERSON DALE, Carmi, Illinois.

Of Druggists at \$1.90, or sent by mail on receipt of price. Write for book containing testimonials and valuable information for all Mothers, free The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

The Bristol Tablets.

They have cured tens of thousands.
They will cure YOU.

The Bristol Tablets are not a CURE ALL, but a positive cure for Dyspepsis and Indigestion it all forms. Nervousness, Hysteria, General De bility. Asthma, Constipation, Biliousness, Sict Headache and Disordered Liver.

One Tablet rel eves in ten minutes. A cur GUARANTEED in six weeks.

AT DRUG STORES.

The smallest, the cheapest, the BEST. Send 35c in stamps for 17 days full treatment to BRISTOL MEDICAL COMPANY,

Lock Box, Detroit, Mick

Probate Order. STATE OF MICHIGAN. | 88

COUNTY OF SHIAWASSEE (**

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the city of Corunna, on Saturday, the 6th day of March in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety seven.

Present, Matthew Bush, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Lorinda Pulver, deceased.

In the matter of the estate of Lorinda Pulver, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition of Mary E. Haskin, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to the petitioner or some other suitable person.

It is ordered, that the 5th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the forencon, at said Probate Office, be assigned for hearing said petition.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing, in The Times, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Shiawassee.

Order for Appearance.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, IN THE CIRCUIT COURT FOR THE COUNTY OF SHIAWASSEE, IN CHANCERY.

SHIAWASSEE, IN CHANCERY.

The Shiawassee Saving Society, Complainant, vs. William Farrell, Mary Farrell, Sylvestee Opdyke, Chas, Quigley, defendants.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the county of Shiawassee, in Chancery, at Corunna, on the 3th day of February, A. D. 1897.

In this cause it appearing from amidavit or file, that the detendant. Mary Farrell, is not a resident of this State but resides at Toledo, in the state of Ohio, on motion of W.M. Kilpatrick, Complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the said defendant. Mary Farrell, cause her appearance to be entered herein, within 4 months from the fendam. Mary Farrell, cause her appearance to be entered herein, within 4 months from the date of this order, and in case of her appearance that she cause her answer to the complainant's bill of complaint to be filed, and a copy thereof to be served on said complainant's solicitor, within twenty days after service on her of a copy of said bill, and notice of this order; and that in default thereof, said bill be taken as confessed by the said non-resident defendant.

And it is further ordered, that within twenty days the said complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in The Times, a newspaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that such publication be continued there at least once in each week, for six weeks in succession, or that it cause a copy of this order to be personally served on said non-resident defendant, at least twenty days before the time above prescribed for her appearance.

Waren Pterpoort

WARREN PIERPONT, Circuit Court Commissioner W. M. KILPATRICK, Complainant's Solicitor.

BE NEIGHBORLY.

We mean, of course, on your next pleasure trip. visit the neighboring Republic of Mexico, No Sea Sickness on this trip. Cheap rates.

Expenses in silver. MEXICAN CENTRAL RAILWA aches all the important points in the Republic

It is the Only Standard Guage Line . between the United States and City of Mexice and has in daily service Pullman Buffet Draw ing-room Sleeping Cars.

MEXICO is an all-year-round tourist resort, and Excursion Tickets with 9 months' limit may be purchased on any day of the year, carrying stop-over privileges in Mexico within final limit. For rates and further information, address M. H. KING, Gen'l Western Agent.

236 So. Clark Street, CHICAGO, ILL. MADE ME A MAN AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE ALL Nervous Diseases-Failing Mem free AJAX REMEDY CO.,

For Sale in Owesso, Mich. JOHNSON & HENDERSON.

